

# Photosynthesis (measurement of oxygen pressure) with Cobra4 (Item No.: P4110260)

### **Curricular Relevance**



Difficulty

**Preparation Time** 

**Execution Time** 

**Recommended Group Size** 

3333

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Easy

10 Minutes

50 Minutes

2 Students

#### **Additional Requirements:**

- Waterweed (Elodea canadensis)
- Tap water
- · Distilled water
- Aluminium foil
- · Android tablet or iPad
- PHYWE measure App

#### **Experiment Variations:**

• with PC with USB port, Windows XP or higher

#### **Keywords:**

Photosynthesis, Intensity and colour of the light, Pressure measurement

# **Overview**

# **Principle**

Photosynthesis leads to the production of  $O_2$ , which in turn causes the pressure to rise. In this experiment the photosynthesis rate of a plant is determined by measuring the oxygen pressure increase, in white and green light as well as in the dark.





Fig. 1: Experiment set-up

# **Equipment**

Experiment with Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link with android tablet or iPad



Position No.	Material	Order No.	Quantity
1	Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link incl. USB cable	12601-10	1
2	Cobra4 Sensor-Unit Pressure, 7 bar absolute	12647-00	1
3	Holder for Cobra4 with support rod	12680-00	1
4	Support base, variable	02001-00	2
5	Support rod, stainless steel, 500 mm	02032-00	1
6	Boss head	02043-00	2
7	Universal clamp	37715-00	1
8	Lab jack, 160 x 130 mm	02074-00	1
9	Filament lamp, 220V/120W, with reflector	06759-93	1
10	Ceramic lamp socket E27	06751-01	1
11	Beaker, low, BORO 3.3, 1000 ml	46057-00	1
12	Rubber stopper 26/32, 1 hole 7 mm	39258-01	1
13	Rubber tubing, i.d. 6 mm	39282-00	1
14	Test tube,200x30 mm,DURAN, PN29	36294-00	1
15	Glass tube, straight, I=80 mm, 10/pkg.	36701-65	1
16	Glass rod, boro 3.3, I=200mm, d=6mm	40485-04	1
17	Microspoon, steel	33393-00	1
18	Glycerol 99% 100 ml	30084-10	1
19	Sodium hydrogen carbonate 250 g	30151-25	1
20	Tartrazine 25 g	48498-04	1
21	Patent Blue V (sodium salt), 25 g	48376-04	1
22	Compact Balance, OHAUS TA 302, 300 g / 0.01 g	49241-93	1
23	USB charger for Cobra4 Mobile-Link 2 and Wireless/USB-Link	07932-99	1
Additional material			
	Android tablet or iPad		
	PHYWE measure App		
	Waterweed (Elodea canadensis)		
	Tap water		
	Distilled water		
	Aluminium foil		

Android

iPad





**Experiment with Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link and PC** 



Position No.	Material	Order No.	Quantity
1	curricuLAB measureLAB	14580-61	1
2	Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link incl. USB cable	12601-10	1
3	Cobra4 Sensor-Unit Pressure, 7 bar absolute	12647-00	1
4	Holder for Cobra4 with support rod	12680-00	1
5	Support base, variable	02001-00	2
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Additional material			
	PC with USB port, Windows XP or higher		
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	Tap water		
	Distilled water		
	Aluminium foil		

# **Task**

Determine the photosynthesis rate of a plant by measuring the oxygen pressure increase, in white and green light as well as in the dark.



# Set-up and procedure

- Set up the equipment as shown in Fig. 1.
- Use one of the two support bases to set up the lamp.
- Use the second support base to attach the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link with the Cobra4 Sensor-Unit Pressure.
- Position the test tube with the universal clamp and the bosshead below the Cobra4 Sensor-Unit Pressure. Screw the glass tube into the rubber stopper with the aid of some glycerol. Then, connect the Sensor-Unit Pressure to the glass tube. Ensure that the rubber tube that is used for the connection is as short as possible.
- Place a water-filled beaker which is big enough so that it can serve as a heat filter between the lamp and test tube. Avoid that light from the lamp shines onto the 250 ml beaker. Otherwise the water will be heated up.
- When using a computer: Set up a connection of the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link to the PC either wirelessly or with the USB cable and switch it on.
  - When using a tablet: Connect the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link to the tablet in the wireless WiFi mode after switching it on.
- Start the software m. The Cobra4 measuring device will be automatically detected.
- Choose the sensor Pressure in the sensor list (Fig. 2).
  - It is best to choose the measurement window with the measurement graph.

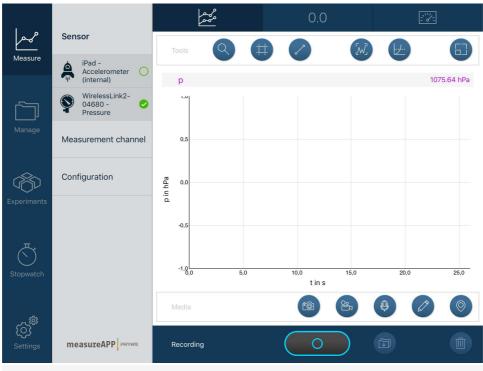


Fig. 2: Selecting the Sensor-Unit Pressure in the measure APP

#### **Experiment 1:**

- Cut off one stem of the waterweeds plant and place it into the test tube with the cut facing upwards. Prepare 300 ml of a 3 % NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution (9 g on 300 g of distilled water) and fill it into the test tube just below the rim. The water-filled beaker is to absorb the heat of the lamp.
- Seal the test tube in an airtight manner via the stopper and connect the rubber tube to the pressure module.
   Attention: Ensure that no liquid penetrates the Cobra4 Sensor-Unit Pressure!
- When connecting the rubber tube, i.e. when pressing it on, ensure not to produce too much pressure, since this would affect the measurement results. Hint: Compress the tube slightly when connecting it so that the measured pressure corresponds roughly to the atmospheric pressure. Wait for a brief period until the measurement recording system has stabilised in the "resting state".
- Switch on the lamp and start the measurement.

#### **Experiment 2:**

• Prepare a green solution with the dyes (to do so, add one tip of the spatula of the yellow and blue dye to approximately 1 000 ml of water) and fill it into the beaker which serves as a heat trap. Remove the stopper prior to the measurement in order to allow the gas, which has been produced, to escape.

#### **Experiment 3:**

Wrap up the test tube completely in aluminium foil so that no light can reach the plant. Prior to the measurement, allow

# **Student's Sheet**

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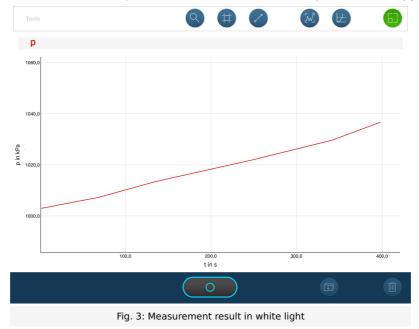
any gas that has been produced to escape.



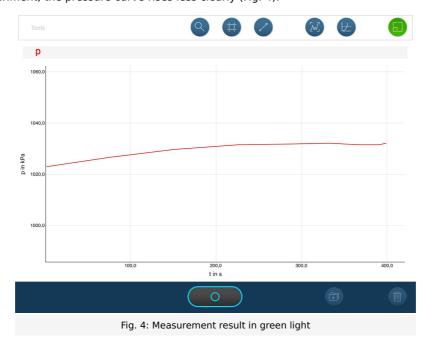


# **Observation and results**

• The first experiment shows a clear rise of the pressure curve, which is due to the production of oxygen (Fig. 3).



• In the second experiment, the pressure curve rises less clearly (Fig. 4).



• During this experiment, the pressure curve does not rise at all (Fig. 5).





# Fig. 5: Measurement result in the dark

#### Notes

- Photosynthesis leads to the production of O<sub>2</sub>, which in turn causes the pressure to rise. The dissolved NaHCO<sub>3</sub> is used as the CO<sub>2</sub>-donor.
- The green solution absorbs most of the red and blue-violet light, which is required for photosynthesis. This is why less oxygen is produced, which in turn leads to a weaker rise of the pressure curve.
- There is no photosynthesis in the dark. This is why the pressure curve does not rise at all.



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- Set up a connection of the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-Link to the PC either wirelessly or with the USB cable and switch it on.
- Switch on the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-link
  - Connect your PC with the Cobra4 Wireless/USB-link (via WiFi or via cable in USB-mode).
  - Start PHYWE measureLAB m and The sensor is detected automatically.
  - Choose the experiment from the start screen by selecting `Load Experiment' .
  - Go to "PHYWE experiments", search for "P4110260", and select the respective folder containing the experiment. All necessary presetting will be loaded.

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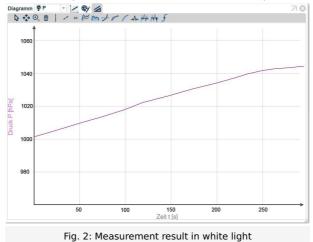
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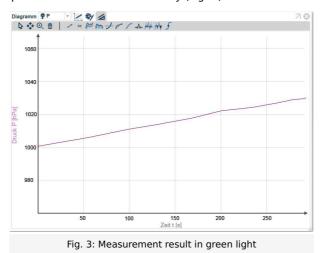


# **Observation and results**

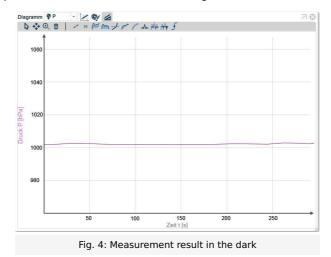
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• There is no photosynthesis in the dark. This is why the pressure curve does not rise at all.

